

Hedera

Smart Contract Audit

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Revision History & Version Control

Start Date	End Date	Author	Comments/Details
02 January 2025	07 January 2025	Gurkirat	Final Release for the Client

Reviewed by	Released by
Nishita Palaksha	Nishita Palaksha

Entersoft was commissioned to perform a source code review on Hedera smart contracts. The review was conducted between January 3, 2025, to January 21, 2025. The report is organized into the following sections.

- Executive Summary: A high-level overview of the security audit findings.
- Technical analysis: Our detailed analysis of the Smart Contract code

The information in this report should be used to understand overall code quality, security, correctness, and meaning that code will work as described in the smart contract.

1.0 Disclaimer

This is a limited audit report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to: (i) smart contract best coding practices and vulnerabilities in the framework and algorithms based on white paper, code, the details of which are set out in this report, (Smart Contract audit). To get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us based on what it says or does not say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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2.0 Overview

2.1 Project Overview

During the period of **02 January 2025 to 07 January 2025**, Entersoft performed smart contract security audits for **Hedera**.

2.2 Scope

The scope of this audit was to analyze and document the smart contract codebase for quality, security, and correctness.

File In Scope:

- AccessControl.sol
- Swap.sol
- MyToken.sol
- IStablecoinStudio.sol

Out of Scope: External contracts, External Oracles, other smart contracts in the repository, or imported smart contracts.

2.3 Project Summary

Project Name	No. of Smart Contract File(s)	Verified	Vulnerabilities
Hedera	4	Yes	As per report. Section 2.6

2.4 Audit Summary

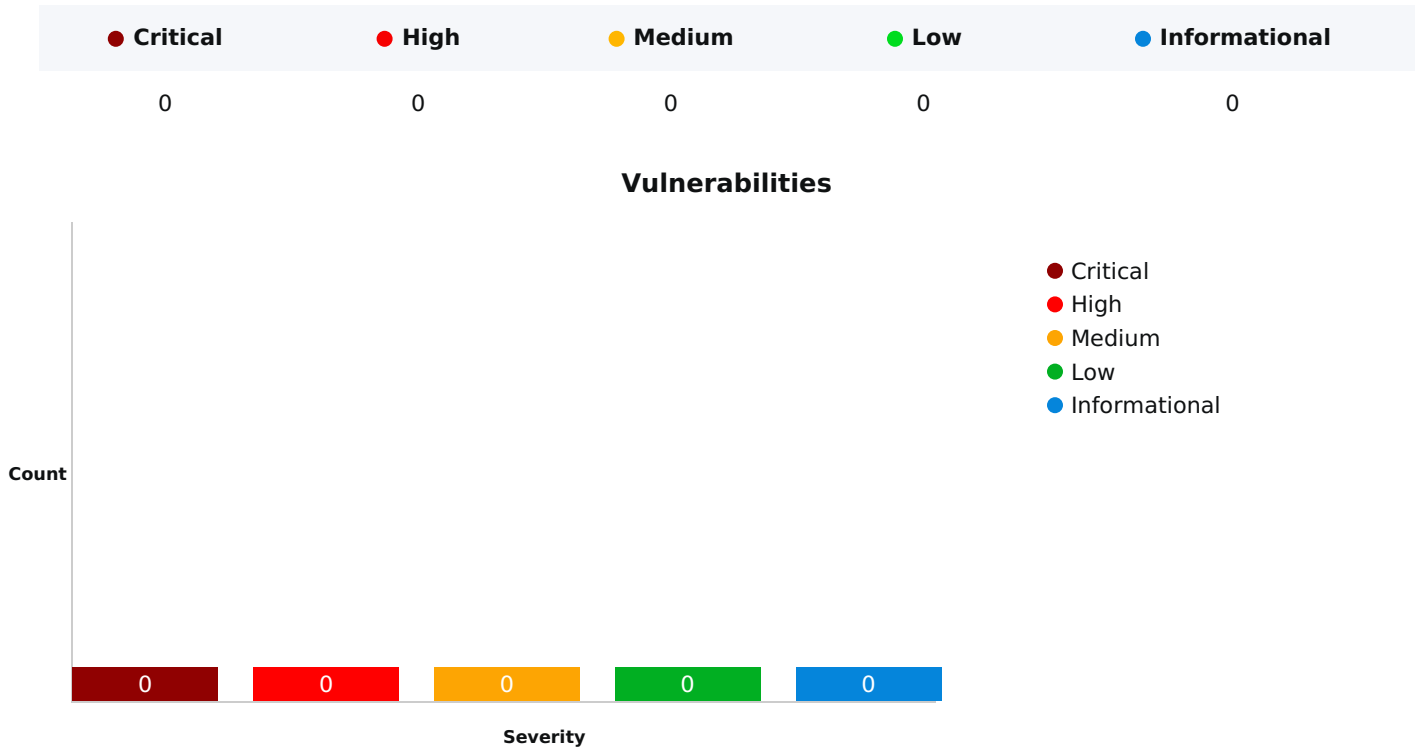
Delivery Date	Method of Audit	Consultants Engaged
22 January 2025	Manual and Automated approach	1

2.5 Security Level References

Every vulnerability in this report was assigned a severity level from the following classification table:

		Impact				
		Minimal	Low	Medium	High	Critical
Likelihood	Critical	Minimal	Low	Medium	High	Critical
	High	Minimal	Low	Medium	High	Critical
	Medium	Minimal	Low	Medium	Medium	High
	Low	Minimal	Low	Low	Low	Medium
	Minimal	Minimal	Minimal	Minimal	Low	Low

2.6 Vulnerability Summary



3.0 Executive Summary

Entersoft has conducted a comprehensive technical audit of the Hedera protocol through a comprehensive smart contract audit approach. The primary objective was to identify potential vulnerabilities and security risks within the codebase, ensuring adherence to industry-leading standards while prioritizing security, reliability, and performance. Our focus was on prompt and efficient identification and resolution of vulnerabilities to enhance the overall robustness of the solidity smart contract.

Importantly, our audit process intentionally avoided reliance solely on automated tools, emphasizing a more in-depth and nuanced approach to security analysis. Conducted from January 3, 2025, to January 7, 2025, our team diligently assessed and validated the security posture of the solidity smart contract, ultimately finding a number of vulnerabilities as per vulnerability summary table.

Testing Methodology:

We have leveraged static analysis techniques extensively to identify potential vulnerabilities automatically with the aid of cutting-edge tools such as Slither and Aderyn. Apart from this, we carried out extensive manual testing to iron out vulnerabilities that could slip through an automated check. This included a variety of attack vectors like reentrancy attacks, overflow and underflow attacks, timestamp dependency attacks, and more.

While going through the due course of this audit, we also ensured to cover edge cases, and built a combination of scenarios to assess the contracts' resilience. Our attempt to leave no stone unturned involved coming up with both negative and positive test cases for the system, and grace handling of stressed scenarios.

Our testing methodology in Solidity adhered to industry standards and best practices, integrating partially implemented OWASP and NIST SP 800 standards for encryption and signatures. Solidity's renowned security practices were complemented by tools such as Solhint for linting, and the Solidity compiler for code optimization. Sol-profiler, Sol-coverage, and Sol-sec were employed to ensure code readability and eliminate unnecessary dependencies.

Tools Used for Audit:

In the course of our audit, we leveraged a suite of tools to bolster the security and performance of our program. While our team drew on their expertise and industry best practices, we also integrated various tools into our development environment. Noteworthy among them are Slither and Aderyn. This holistic approach ensures a thorough analysis, uncovering potential issues that automated tools alone might overlook. Entersoft takes pride in utilizing these tools, which significantly contribute to the quality, security, and maintainability of our codebase.

Code Review / Manual Analysis:

Our team conducted a manual analysis of the Solidity and solana smart contracts to identify new vulnerabilities or to verify vulnerabilities found during static and manual analysis. We carefully analyzed every line of code and made sure that all instructions provided during the onboarding phase were followed. Through our manual analysis, we were able to identify potential vulnerabilities that may have been missed by automated tools and ensure that the smart contract was secure and reliable.

Auditing Approach and Methodologies Applied:

The solidity smart contract was audited in a comprehensive approach to ensure the highest level of security and reliability. Careful attention was given to the following key areas to ensure the overall quality of code:

- **Code quality and structure:** We conducted a detailed review of the codebase to identify any potential issues related to code structure, readability, and maintainability. This included analyzing the overall architecture of the solidity smart contract and reviewing the code to ensure it follows best practices and coding standards.
- **Security vulnerabilities:** Our team used manual techniques to identify any potential security vulnerabilities that could be exploited by attackers. This involved a thorough analysis of the code to identify any potential weaknesses, such as buffer overflows, injection vulnerabilities, Signatures, and deprecated functions.

Documentation Overview:

Documentation is crucial for any project as it ensures clarity and understanding, helping developers and users grasp how the code and protocol function. It aids in new contributors, auditors facilitating maintenance and troubleshooting by providing insights into design decisions.

For blockchain protocols, thorough documentation is particularly important due to the complexity and need for security and transparency.

Below is the required documentation, rated according to the quality as provided by the protocol.

Protocol Documentation:

- **Purpose:** To describe the overall protocol, its goals, architecture, and how it operates.
- **Quality Provided:** N/A

Technical Documentation:

- **Purpose:** To provide detailed information about the technical aspects of the protocol, including smart contracts, APIs, and their interactions.
- **Quality Provided:** N/A

Inline Comments:

- **Purpose:** To explain specific parts of the code, such as the purpose of functions, variables, and logic.
- **Quality Provided:** N/A

Smart Contract Audit Testing objectives	Result
Integer Overflow	● NA
Unprotected Selfdestruct	● NA
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	● NA

Reentrancy	● NA
Weak Randomness	● NA
Assert Violation	● NA
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	● NA
Jump to Arbitrary Destination	● NA
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	● NA

3.1 Recommendations

Overall, the smart contracts were well-written, adhering to industry best practices and security standards. However, the audit identified a few vulnerabilities. The process involved a thorough validation of each function, testing of edge case scenarios and execution of test scripts to ensure every functionality was meticulously evaluated. The identified vulnerabilities were promptly addressed by Hedera, ensuring enhanced protection and reliability moving forward.

4.0 Technical Analysis

After comprehensive Smart Contract Audit and subsequent retesting, no vulnerabilities or findings were identified in this assessment. The client has taken steps to address any potential vulnerabilities.

5.0 Auditing Approach and Methodologies applied

Throughout the audit of the smart contract, care was taken to ensure:

- Overall quality of code
- Use of best practices.
- Code documentation and comments match logic and expected behavior.
- Mathematical calculations are as per the intended behavior mentioned in the whitepaper.
- Implementation of token standards.
- Efficient use of gas.
- Code is safe from Re-entrancy and other vulnerabilities.

A combination of manual and automated security testing to balance efficiency, timeliness, practicality, and accuracy regarding the scope of the smart contract audit. While manual testing is recommended to uncover flaws in logic, process, and implementation; automated testing techniques help enhance coverage of smart contracts and can quickly identify items that do not follow security best practices. The following phases and associated tools were used throughout the term of the audit:

5.1 Structural Analysis

In this step we have analysed the design patterns and structure of all smart contracts. A thorough check was completed to ensure all Smart contracts are structured in a way that will not result in future problems.

5.2 Static Analysis

Static Analysis of smart contracts was undertaken to identify contract vulnerabilities. In this step, a series of automated tools are used to test the security of smart contracts.

5.3 Code Review / Manual Analysis

Manual Analysis or review of done to identify new vulnerabilities or to verify the vulnerabilities found during the Static Analysis. The contracts were completely manually analysed, and their logic was checked and compared with the one described in the whitepaper. It should also be noted that the results of the automated analysis were verified manually.

5.4 Gas Consumption

In this step, we checked the behaviour of all smart contracts in production. Checks were completed to understand how much gas gets consumed, along with the possibilities of optimisation of code to reduce gas consumption.

5.5 Tools & Platforms Used For Audit

Slither,Aderyn

5.6 Checked Vulnerabilities

We have scanned Hedera smart contracts for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that we considered:

- Re-entrancy
- Timestamp Dependence
- Gas Limit and Loops
- DoS with Block Gas Limit
- Transaction-Ordering Dependence
- Use of tx.origin
- Exception disorder
- Gasless send
- Balance equality
- Byte array
- Transfer forwards all gas
- ERC-20 API violation
- Malicious libraries
- Compiler version not fixed
- Redundant fallback function
- Send instead of transfer
- Style guide violation
- Unchecked external call
- Unchecked math
- Unsafe type inference
- Implicit visibility level

6.0 Limitations on Disclosure and Use of this Report

This report contains information concerning potential details of Hedera and methods for exploiting them. Entersoft recommends that special precautions be taken to protect the confidentiality of both this document and the information contained herein. Security Assessment is an uncertain process, based on past experiences, currently available information, and known threats. All information security systems, which by their nature are dependent on human beings, are vulnerable to some degree. Therefore, while Entersoft considers the major security vulnerabilities of the analyzed systems to have been identified, there can be no assurance that any exercise of this nature will identify all possible vulnerabilities or propose exhaustive and operationally viable recommendations to mitigate those exposures. In addition, the analysis set forth herein is based on the technologies and known threats as of the date of this report. As technologies and risks change over time, the vulnerabilities associated with the operation of the Smart Contract described in this report, as well as the actions necessary to reduce the exposure to such vulnerabilities will also change. Entersoft makes no undertaking to supplement or update this report based on changed circumstances or facts of which Entersoft becomes aware after the date hereof, absent a specific written agreement to perform the supplemental or updated analysis. This report may recommend that Entersoft use certain software or hardware products manufactured or maintained by other vendors. Entersoft bases these recommendations upon its prior experience with the capabilities of those products. Nonetheless, Entersoft does not and cannot warrant that a particular product will work as advertised by the vendor, nor that it will operate in the manner intended. This report was prepared by Entersoft for the exclusive benefit of Hedera and is proprietary information. The Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) in effect between Entersoft and Hedera governs the disclosure of this report to all other parties including product vendors and suppliers.